# Court Services Administration Committee

- An Advisory Committee of the Supreme Court -

Justice Jon J. Jensen, Chair North Dakota Supreme Court 600 E. Boulevard Ave Dept 180 Bismarck, ND 58505-0530

March 20, 2018

Honorable Gerald W. VandeWalle Chief Justice North Dakota Supreme Court 600 E. Boulevard Ave Dept 180 Bismarck, ND 58505-0530

Re: Administrative Rules 19 and 41 - Proposed Amendments Related to the Retention of, Destruction of, and Access to Court Records

Dear Chief Justice VandeWalle:

Following a referral from the Supreme Court, the Court Services Administration Committee extensively reviewed Administrative Rule 19 related to the retention and destruction of court records, including the associated court records retention schedule, and Administrative Rule 41 related to access to court records. As requested, the committee reviewed and considered each rule in its entirety with a specific focus on electronic court record retention, destruction, and access.

At its initial meeting, the committee heard presentations from Nial Raaen, Principal Court Management Consultant at National Center for State Courts, Larry Zubke, Director of Judicial Branch Information Technology, Becky Lingle, State Records Management Coordinator, and Ann Jenks, North Dakota State Archivist. Over the course of the next nine meetings, the committee extensively discussed and considered revisions to AR 19 and AR 41 to modernize and adapt the rules to address electronic court records. Copies of the proposed rules are enclosed and a summary of the proposed amendments to each rule is provided below.

#### Administrative Rule 19

With respect to AR 19, the proposed amendments expand the scope of the rule to encompass electronic records and include, define, and address administrative court records. Section 2

establishes the role of an administrative records custodian and defines the associated responsibilities. Section 3 redefines "court records" with sub-definitions for an "administrative record" and a "case record." In Section 4 and 12, the new "administrative record custodian" is added to the existing rule. The Section 5 amendments adapt the language regarding destruction of court records to apply to all types of records, whether paper or electronic. In Sections 6, 7, and 9, the amendments specify the required disposition record, disposition process, and disposal procedure for case records. Section 10 establishes a separate record retention schedule and disposal procedure for administrative records. Section 11 establishes a new process where any person, including the court, may request an extension of the retention period for a specific case or administrative court record based on the fiscal, legal, administrative, or archival value of the record. Finally, the amendments in Section 13 eliminate the authority to microfilm records for retention and storage, but retain the authority to maintain records that were previously microfilmed.

#### Administrative Rule 19 Record Retention Schedules

The committee also proposes amendments to the records retention schedules referenced in AR 19; the creation of a separate "administrative records retention schedule" and revisions to the existing "case records retention schedule." The committee is still in the process of developing a proposed "administrative records retention schedule," but the proposed revisions to the case record retention schedule are enclosed.

Proposed amendments to the case record retention schedule include updates to the case series descriptions to align with Odyssey case types, the addition of new case series where needed, revision and/or clarification of descriptions and retention time periods, and the addition of a provision extending the retention period for cases that include long-term conditions, such as firearms restrictions, that may extend beyond the initial retention period. Of final note is the addition of a case series for "all case summaries" which requires the permanent retention of the electronic register of actions or index of pleadings that has previously been permanently retained in paper format.

### Administrative Rule 41

With respect to AR 41, the committee proposes a complete rewrite of the rule, which was discussed and debated extensively. The subcommittee that drafted the revised rule relied heavily on the National Center for State Courts and State Justice Institute July 2017 publication, *Best Practices for Court Privacy Policy Formulation*.

The subcommittee strongly supported the best practices recommendation that "practical obscurity" of court records should be eliminated; access to records should not be discouraged by placing practical obstacles in the way of the public seeking access, such as requiring individuals to physically travel to the courthouse to request and retrieve records. The subcommittee agreed with the best practices recommendation that all members of the public should have the same type and level of access, including remote access, and access to public court records should be encouraged.

In proposed Section 4.4 (page 4, line 9 - page 5, line 24), the subcommittee retained the exclusion of certain types of records from public access that are under the current Section 5 of the rule and added a provision for the newly adopted sexual assault restraining orders (page 4, line 27).

By retaining these provisions, the subcommittee sought to balance the interest in transparency and access with the need to protect court users from harm. The subcommittee members expressed the basic philosophy that if a record is public, it ought to be accessible by all means; if a record is harmful, it should not be made public. After extensive consideration, the Court Services Administration Committee adopted the subcommittee's recommendations and proposed amendments.

I am pleased to submit the Court Services Administration Committee's proposed amendments to AR 19 and AR 41 to the Supreme Court for its consideration. I extend my thanks to the committee members for the commitment of their time and effort to this project.

Sincerely

Justice Von J. Jensen, Chair

Court Services Administration Committee

12

### Administrative Rule 19 - COURT RECORDS MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

- 2 Section 1.Statement of Authority and Policy.
- a. Under Article VI, Section 3 of the North Dakota Constitution, the Supreme Court has
- 4 authority to promulgate rules of procedure to be followed by all courts of this state,
- 5 including rules regarding the administration of court records. The Legislative Assembly
- 6 has encouraged this process under Sections 27-02-05.1 and 54-46-06, NDCC.
- 7 b. A goal of the North Dakota Judicial System is to establish a uniform judicial records
- 8 management program.
- 9 c. The Supreme Court recognizes the need to provide a court records policy that
- specifically addresses the retention and disposition of court records. This records
- retention and disposal procedure is established to meet this administrative goal.

## 13 Section 2.Administrative Responsibilities.

- 14 a. The State Court Administrator is the court records administrator and is responsible for
- developing a retention and disposition schedule of court records. The State Court
- Administrator may obtain the services of the State Records Administrator to develop and
- monitor the record disposal report identified in Section 9 and to otherwise provide
- program services described in Chapter 54-46, NDCC.
- b. The clerk of district court in each county is responsible for the retention and disposition
- of all district court case records in accordance with the case records retention schedule.

21 c. The judge of a municipal court or a clerk designated by the judge is responsible for the 22 retention and disposition of all municipal court case records in accordance with the case 23 records retention schedule. d. The administrative records custodian is responsible for the retention and disposition of 24 all administrative records in accordance with the administrative records retention 25 schedule. Each district and municipal court shall designate an administrative records 26 custodian to manage retention and disposition of the administrative records under the 27 court's jurisdiction. The State Court Administrator shall designate one or more 28 administrative records custodians to manage retention and disposition of administrative 29 records of the commissions, boards, committees, and offices under the supervision of the 30 Supreme Court. 31 32 Section 3. Scope of Supreme Court Rule-and Inconsistent Statutes. 33 34 a. This rule applies to all court records under the jurisdiction of the clerks of district court, 35 municipal judges, and to commissions, boards, committees, and offices under the supervision of the Supreme Court. 36 b. The phrase Court records: the sum of all administrative and case records in the judicial 37 branch. 38 Administrative record: court records that pertain to management, 39 supervision or administration of the court and are not part of a case record. 40

41	2.	Case record: any document, action or information that is collected, received
42		or maintained by a clerk of court connected to a judicial proceeding. It may
43		include an index, calendar, docket, register of actions, official record of the
44		proceeding, order, decree, judgment or minute order. These may have been
45		collected in a case management system that is used to track information.
46		Case records may contain both public and confidential information. Case
47		records do not include records that have been disposed of under court
48		records management rules, or records to which a court has access but which
49		are not a part of the court records as defined in this Rule.
50	means any d	locument, book, paper, photograph, sound recording or other material
51	regardless of	Physical form or characteristics, made or received by the court pursuant to
52	law or in cor	nnection with the transaction of official court business.
53		
54	Section 4.Pe	ermanent Retention Periods.
55	a. Court reco	ords assigned "permanent" retention periods must be retained indefinitely by

the clerk or judge having jurisdiction over the <u>case</u> record or <u>by the administrative record</u>

custodian for an indefinite period of time. The permanent retention periods are subject to

a review process consistent with Section 8.6, NDRPR.

56

57

58

59

60

61

b. Section 4(a) does not prohibit the clerk or judge having jurisdiction over the <u>case</u>

records assigned permanent retention periods or the administrative record custodian with

responsibility over administrative records assigned permanent retention periods from

- depositing such record with the state archivist for preservation pursuant to <u>under Section</u>

  1012.

  Section 5 Disposition of Court Percents
- 65 **Section 5.Disposition of Court Records.**
- The term "disposition" means:
- a. transfer of a record to the possession of the state archivist <del>pursuant to under the</del>
- 68 procedure in Section 1012;
- 69 b.<del>destruction by burning or shredding,</del> if the record is confidential, <u>destruction by method</u>
- that renders the content irretrievable, such as burning, shredding, pulverizing, sanitizing
- 71 <u>or overwriting</u>; or
- 72 c. destruction by ordinary means, such as landfill or recycling, if the record is not
- confidential, destruction by ordinary means, such as landfill, recycling or deleting.
- 75 Section 6. <u>Case Records Disposition Record.</u>
- 76 The clerk or judge having jurisdiction over the case records shall keep a record of the
- disposition of any court case record pursuant to under the case records retention schedule.
- 78 This record must indicate the title of the record series, a description of the contents of the
- 79 <u>case</u> record, the inclusive years of the records disposed, and the date and the means of
- 80 disposition.

### Section 7. Case Records Disposition Process.

The State Court Administrator will provide each clerk or judge having jurisdiction over court case records with a case records retention schedule. The case records retention schedule must identify and describe each record series, provide the retention period based upon the fiscal, legal, administrative, and archival value of the records, and describe the method of destruction for each series that may be destroyed. The State Court Administrator shall file a copy of the case records retention schedule with the Clerk of the Supreme Court. The case records retention schedule constitutes approval for disposition of all records that have met the timeframes established in the schedule.

91

92

82

83

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

## Section 8.Procedures to Modify Record Retention Values.

- The following procedures apply when adding, changing, or deleting a record series from
- 94 the <u>court</u> records retention <u>schedule schedules</u>.
- a. The person suggesting the changes must complete the Record Series Description, State
- 96 Form Number 2042, with the exception of the legal value, fiscal value, archival value,
- and records control number.
- 98 b. The completed Record Series Description must be sent to the State Court Administrator
- 99 who shall obtain the advice of the State Auditor, Attorney General, State Archivist and
- State Records Administrator, to determine the administrative, legal, fiscal, and archival
- values of the records.

c. A draft of the proposed addition, modification, or deletion of a record series must be submitted to the Court Services Administration Committee for comments.

d. The State Court Administrator shall issue a revision to the retention schedule if appropriate.

# Section 9. <u>Case Records Disposal Procedures.</u>

Each clerk or judge having jurisdiction over <u>case court</u> records <u>may must</u> dispose of records as designated <u>in the case records retention schedule and must complete in a case</u> records disposal report provided by the State Court Administrator or State Records Administrator. <u>The duty to dispose of case records is subject to the availability of staff and to legislative appropriations. Each case record must be reviewed and approved for <u>disposition by the clerk or judge having jurisdiction over the court records. Unless otherwise noted in the case records retention schedule, all non-permanent case records <u>must be destroyed in accordance with Section 5(b) and (c). The State Court Administrator</u>, in cooperation with the Information Technology Department, shall <u>establish procedures and standards for the efficient and effective destruction of electronic case records. All non-confidential records may be disposed of by landfill. All confidential records must be shredded or burned.</u></u></u>

A record series must not be disposed of before the time approved in the retention schedule. If a situation warrants early disposal of a record within a record series, the clerk

or judge may petition the State Court Administrator for early disposal of that record or may obtain an order from the judge of the court.

## Section 10. Administrative Record Retention and Disposal Procedures.

The State Court Administrator will provide an administrative records retention schedule to all administrative records custodians. Each custodian must retain the records for the retention period set forth in the administrative records retention schedule and should dispose of records after the retention period has expired, subject to staff availability and legislative appropriations. Unless otherwise designated in the administrative records retention schedule, all non-permanent records must be destroyed in accordance with Section 5(b) and (c). The State Court Administrator, in cooperation with the Information Technology Department, shall establish procedures and standards for the efficient and effective destruction of electronic administrative records.

A record series must not be disposed of before the time approved in the administrative records retention schedule. If a situation warrants early disposal of a record within a record series, the custodian may petition the State Court Administrator for early disposal of that record.

### Section 11. Extension of Retention Period.

Any person, including the court, may request an extension of the retention period of a court record by completing a form to be provided by the State Court Administrator's Office and submitting the form to the court with jurisdiction over the case records or to the State Court Administrator for a request related to administrative records. The court will forward the request to the State Court Administrator's Office for consideration. The request must be submitted no later than ninety days prior to the record meeting the retention deadline as set forth in the record retention schedule. The request must state the reason for the extension request, the fiscal, legal, administrative, or archival value of the records that justifies the extension, and the additional retention time requested.

## Section 1012. Transfer of Court Records to the State Archives.

The State Court Administrator will provide in the Clerk of Court Procedures Manual procedures for the transfer to the State Archives of <u>court</u> records determined to be of archival value. The clerk of court, <u>or-judge, or administrative records custodian</u> will contact the State Archivist when the records are ready for transfer. Arrangements will be made by the State Archivist to take possession of the records within 60 days of notice to the State Archivist. The State Archivist shall complete a certification for archival transfer and send it to the clerk or judge after all records have been transferred.

### Section 1113. Microfilming Records.

Records subject to this rule may be microfilmed for purposes of retention and storage.

Records microfilmed under this section must be microfilmed and maintained in accordance with the State Standards for Microfilming North Dakota Public Records developed by the Information Services Division. A copy of the standards must be included in the North Dakota Clerk of Court Manual.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Rule 19 was adopted effective Adopted effective January 1, 1995; amended effective November 1, 1998; Schedule amended effective August 1, 2001, to reflect the name change of the State Bar Board to the State Board of Law Examiners; and Schedule amended effective February 1, 2014, to extend the length of retention for certain records,

Rule and Case Record Retention Schedule amended effective

1	ACCESS TO COURT RECORDS – Administrative Rule 41
2	Introduction.
3	The State of North Dakota has always favored open government and an informed
4	citizenry. Consistent with this policy, this rule is intended to provide a comprehensive
5	framework for public access to court records. This policy is based on two fundamental
6	principles:
7	
8	a. Court records are presumptively open to public access; and
9	b. Public access should not change depending on whether access is remote or at the
10	courthouse.
11	
12	Section 1.0 - Purposes of the Policy.
13	
14	a. Maximize accessibility of court records.
15	b. Protect users of the court from harm.
16	c. Make effective use of court resources.
17	
18	Section 2.0 - Definitions.
19	
20	a. Bulk distribution: the distribution of all, or a significant subset, of the information
21	in court records without modification or compilation.

22	b. Compiled information: information that is derived from the selection, aggregation
23	or reformulation of some specified subset of data from more than one individual
24	case record.
25	c. Court records: the sum of all administrative and case records in the judicial
26	branch.
27	1. Administrative record: court records that pertain to management,
28	supervision or administration of the court and are not part of a case record.
29	2. Case record: any document, action or information that is collected, received
30	or maintained by a clerk of court connected to a judicial proceeding. It may
31	include an index, calendar, docket, register of actions, official record of the
32	proceeding, order, decree, judgment or minute order. These may have been
33	collected in a case management system that is used to track information.
34	Case records may contain both public and confidential information. Case
35	records do not include records that have been disposed of under court
36	records management rules, or records to which a court has access but which
37	are not a part of the court records as defined in this Rule.
38	d. Remote access means the ability to electronically search, inspect, or copy
39	information in a court record without the need to physically visit the court facility
40	where the court record is maintained.
41	

42

Section 3.0 - Who Has Public Access.

1	a. Every member of the public should have the same access to court records.
5	b. The public is defined to include:
6	1. Any person, business, or non-profit entity;
7	2. Any governmental agency for which there is no existing policy defining the
3	agency's access to court records;
)	3. Media organizations; and
	4. Entities that gather and disseminate information for whatever reason.
	c. The public does not include:
	1. Court employees, including all direct and contract employees;
	2. Entities who assist the court in providing court services;
	3. Governmental agencies whose access to case records is defined by another
	statute, rule, order or policy; and
	4. Parties to an action and their attorneys examining the case records, unless
	restricted by order of the court, but parties and attorneys may not access
	judge and court personnel work material in the court file.
	d. Public access is synonymous with anonymous access.
	Section 4.0 - General Access Rule: Case Records
	a. Information in the case record is accessible to the public except as prohibited by
	section 4.4 or 4.5.

65	b. There generally should be a public indication of the existence of case information
66	in a record to which access has been prohibited, but that indication should not
67	disclose the nature of the protected information.
68	c. If harm may be done by indicating the existence of case information then no
69	indication of that existing record should be open to the public.
70	d. Access to case records filed before March 1, 2009. Case records filed before the
71	adoption of N.D.R.Ct. 3.4 may contain protected information listed under
72	N.D.R.Ct. 3.4(a). This rule does not require the review and redaction of protected
73	information from a case record that was filed before the adoption of N.D.R.Ct. 3.4
74	on March 1, 2009.
75	
76	Section 4.1 - Remote Access to Case Records.
77	
78	a. All public case records are presumptively accessible remotely.
79	b. Access Regulation.
80	1. The Supreme Court may adopt and implement other policies to regulate
81	remote access to court records. These policies must be posted publicly on
82	the Court's website.
83	
84	Section 4.2 - Request for Bulk Distribution of Case Records.
85	
86	a. Bulk distribution of information in the case record is permitted for public records.

b.	Requests for bulk distribution of information not publicly accessible can be made
	to the court for purposes in the public interest. Courts have discretion to refuse
	such requests, to charge fees reimbursing the court for the costs of distribution, and
	to impose conditions on the requestor for access.

## **Section 4.3 - Request for Compiled Information from Case Records.**

- a. The public may request access to public case records that are not normally compiled in the requested format. The court has the right to make the requestor pay the cost of compiling and distributing the data.
- b. Requests for compiled distribution of information not publicly accessible can be made to the court for purposes with a public benefit. Courts have discretion to refuse such requests, to charge fees reimbursing the court for the cost of distribution, and to impose conditions on the requestor for access.

## **Section 4.4 - Case Records Excluded from Public Access.**

- a. Case records may not be made accessible to the public if barred by federal law, state law, court rule, or relevant case law.
- b. Case records may also be excluded from public access if the court determines that harm would ensue, per the objective in section 1.0(b).
  - c. The following information in a case record is not accessible to the public:

110	1.	affidavits or sworn testimony and records of proceedings in support of the
111		issuance of a search or arrest warrant pending the return of the warrant;
112	2.	information in a complaint and associated arrest or search warrant to the
113		extent confidentiality is ordered by the court under N.D.C.C. §§ 29-05-32
114		or 29-29-22;
115	3.	documents filed with the court for in-camera examination pending
116		disclosure;
117	<u>4.</u>	case information and documents in Child Relinquishment to Identified
118		Adoptive Parent cases brought under N.D.C.C. Ch. 14-15.1;
119	5.	domestic violence protection order files and disorderly conduct restraining
120		order files when the restraining order is sought due to domestic violence,
121		except for orders of the court;
122	6.	sexual assault restraining order files, except for orders of the court;
123	7.	documents in domestic violence protection order and disorderly conduct
124		restraining order cases in which the initial petition was dismissed
125		summarily by the court without a contested hearing;
126	8.	names of qualified or summoned jurors and contents of jury qualification
127		forms if disclosure is prohibited or restricted by order of the court;
128	9.	records of voir dire of jurors unless disclosure is permitted by court order or
129		rule;

130	<u>10.</u>	records of deferred impositions of sentences or pretrial diversions resulting
131		in dismissal;
132	<u>11.</u>	records of a case in which the magistrate finds no probable cause for the
133		issuance of a complaint;
134	12.	unless exempted from redaction by N.D.R.Ct. 3.4(c), protected information:
135		a. except for the last four digits, social security numbers, taxpayer
136		identification numbers, and financial account numbers,
137		b. except for the year, birth dates, and
138		c. except for the initials, the name of an individual known to be a
139		minor, unless the minor is a party, and there is no statute, regulation,
140		or rule mandating nondisclosure;
141	<u>13.</u>	judge and court personnel work material, including personal calendars,
142		communications from law clerks, bench memoranda, notes, work in
143		progress, draft documents and non-finalized documents.
144	<u>14.</u>	the property and debt listing of the parties to a divorce as provided by
145		N.D.C.C. § 14-05-24.3.
146		
147	d. This	rule does not preclude access to court records by federal, state, and local
148	<u>offici</u>	als, or their agents, examining a court record in the exercise of their official
149	dutie	s and powers;

e. A member of the public may request the court to allow access to information excluded under Section 4.4 or prohibited under 4.5(a) as provided in Section 4.5(b).

- Section 4.5. Requests to Prohibit Public Access to Information in Case Records or to
- **Obtain Access to Restricted Information.** 
  - a. Request to Prohibit Access.
    - 1. A request to the court to prohibit public access to information in a case record may be made by any party to a case, by the individual about whom information is present in the case record, or on the court's own motion on notice as provided in Section 4.5(c).
    - 2. The court must decide whether there are sufficient grounds to overcome the presumption of openness of case records and prohibit access according to applicable law.
    - 3. In deciding whether to prohibit access the court must consider that the presumption of openness may only be overcome by an overriding interest. The court must articulate this interest along with specific findings sufficient to allow a reviewing court to determine whether the closure order was properly entered.

      Considerations of harm should include (1) the risk of injury to individuals, (2) individual privacy rights and interests, (3) proprietary business information, and (4) public safety. The court should also consider applicable law. Where possible, explicit standard legal tests should be applied to such decisions.

172	4. The closure of the records must be no broader than necessary to protect the
173	articulated interest. The court must consider reasonable alternatives to closure,
174	such as redaction or partial closure, and the court must make findings adequate to
175	support the closure. The court may not deny access only on the ground that the
176	record contains confidential or closed information.
177	5. In restricting access the court must use the least restrictive means that will
178	achieve the purposes of this rule and the needs of the requestor.
179	6. If a victim requests, all victim contact information in a criminal case record must
180	be redacted;
181	7. If the court concludes, after conducting the balancing analysis and making
182	findings as required by paragraphs (1) through (5), that the interest of justice will
183	be served, it may prohibit public Internet access to an individual defendant's
184	electronic case record in a criminal case:
185	A. if the charges against the defendant are dismissed; or
186	B. if the defendant is acquitted.
187	If the court grants a request to prohibit public Internet access to an electronic case
188	record in a criminal case, the search result for the record must display the words
189	"Internet Access Prohibited under N.D.Sup.Ct. Admin.R 41."
190	b. Request to Obtain Access.
191	1. A request to obtain access to information in a case record to which access is
192	prohibited may be made to the court by any member of the public or on the
193	court's own motion on notice as provided in Section 4.5(c).

194	2. In deciding whether to allow access, the court must consider whether there are
195	sufficient grounds to overcome the presumption of openness of case records and
196	continue to prohibit access under applicable constitutional, statutory and case
197	law. In deciding this the court must consider the standards outlined in Section
198	4.5(a)(3) and Section 1.0.
199	c. Form of Request.
200	1. The request must be made by a written motion to the court.
201	2. The requestor must give notice to all parties in the case.
202	3. The court may require notice to be given by the requestor or another party to
203	any individuals or entities identified in the information that is the subject of the
204	request. When the request is for access to information to which access was
205	previously prohibited under Section 4.5(a), the court must provide notice to the
206	individual or entity that requested that access be prohibited.
207	
208	Section 5.0 - Timing of Public Access to Case Records.
209	
210	a. Remote access to case records is essentially available at all times, subject to
211	publicly scheduled downtimes for system maintenance and unforeseen technical
212	issues.
213	b. Physical access to case records is available at the appropriate courthouse during
214	normal working hours.

c. Courts should make case records available in a reasonable time after filing. Courts
should also respond within a reasonable time to requests for access to bulk or
compiled case records and for requests governed by Section 4.5, and inform the
requestor when the bulk or compiled records will be available for dissemination.
Section 6.0 - Operational Requirements.
a. Best practices should be used to protect case records not open to the public.
b. Search capabilities for public case records should support reasonable flexibility.
c. Search capabilities should not impose an undue operational burden on court
systems.
d. Persons or organizations granted access beyond what is available to the public
should be managed by role and required to identify and authenticate using best
practices.
Section 7.0 - Access Fees.
a. The court may charge a fee for access to court records.
b. Any fees charged should be reasonable for the services provided.
c. The appropriate court or state court administrator may waive or reduce access fees
upon a showing of indigency by the requestor.

## Section 8.0 – General Access Rule: Court Administrative Records

All court administrative records are open to the public except as follows:

- a. Records that are not accessible to the public under federal law, state law, court rule, case law or court order.
- b. Records maintained concerning individuals who are court employees, or who

  perform volunteer services for the court, are open in accordance with North

  Dakota Century Code 44-04-18.1, North Dakota Supreme Court Policy 120, and

  Administrative Rule 33.
  - c. Job applicant records are open in accordance with North Dakota Century Code 44-04-18.27.
    - d. Security records. All security plans, codes and other records that provide for the security of information, individuals, or property in the possession or custody of the courts against theft, tampering, improper use, illegal releases, trespass, or physical abuse or violence are excluded from public access.
    - e. Preliminary and draft reports concerning court operations; pre-decisional documents. Final administrative documents and reports concerning the operation of the court system are open for public inspection and copying by the custodian on court premises. Preliminary drafts of such reports, and pre-decisional documents relating to court operations, shall be open once such draft reports and such pre-

258		decisional documents are circulated to any court policy advisory committee or the
259		public for comment.
260	<u>f.</u>	Remote electronic access user records. Data or information that would disclose
261		that a user of a remote or electronic access system has access to a particular court
262		record is excluded from public access. Record access information shall be
263		accessible by the public only on a showing of good cause pursuant to the process
264		set forth by this rule.
265	<u>g.</u>	Proprietary and licensed material. Computer programs or other records that are
266		subject to proprietary rights or license agreements shall only be disclosed in
267		accordance with the terms and conditions of the applicable agreements and
268		licenses, or by court order. No record shall be excluded from public access solely
269		because access is provided by programs or applications subject to licensing
270		agreements, or because they are subject to proprietary rights.
271	<u>h.</u>	Copyrighted documents and materials. Documents and materials produced and
272		copyrighted by the court are open to public inspection but may not be republished
273		without proper authorization from the court.
274	<u>i.</u>	Judicial branch training records and reports. Evaluation materials and records
275		generated by participants in judicial education programs such as test scores,
276		educational assessments, practical exercise worksheets, and similar materials are
277		excluded from public access.

278	j. Party, witness and crime victim contact information gathered and reco	orded by the
279	court for administrative purposes, including telephone numbers and e	-mail, street
280	and postal addresses are excluded from public access.	
281	k. The name of a patron of the North Dakota Legal Self Help Center or	information
282	sufficient to identify a patron or the subject about which a patro	n requested
283	information is excluded from public access.	
284		
285	Section 9.0 – Methods of Access to Court Records	
286		
287	a. Remote Access	
288	1. Remote access to public court records is essentially available a	at all times,
289	subject to publicly scheduled down times for system maint	enance and
290	unforeseen technical issues.	
291		
292	b. Access to Court Records at Court Facility.	
293	1. Public access Terminal. A terminal will be available at each county	courthouse
294	for public access to court records stored statewide in the Odyssey sy	/stem.
295	2. Request for access to other records. Any person desiring public	access to a
296	court record that is not available on the public access terminal m	ust make an
297	oral or written request to the custodian of the record; the clerk of	court or the
298	State Court Administrator. If the request is oral, the record cur	stodian may
299	require a written request if the record custodian determines that the	e disclosure

of the records is questionable or the request is so involved or lengthy as to need further definition. The request must clearly identify the record requested so that the record custodian can locate the record without doing extensive research.

Continuing requests for a document not yet in existence may not be considered.

The record custodian may not ask the motive or reason for requesting the records or for the identity of the person requesting public records.

- a. Response to Request to Access Case Records. A clerk of court is not required to allow access to more than ten case files per day per requestor but may do so in the exercise of the clerk's discretion if the access will not disrupt the clerk's primary function. If the request for access and inspection is granted, the clerk may set reasonable time and manner of inspection requirements that ensure timely access while protecting the integrity of the records and preserving the affected office from undue disruption. The inspection area must be within full view of court personnel whenever possible. The person inspecting the records may not leave the court facility until the records are returned and examined for completeness.
- b. Response by Court to Request Access to Case Records. If a clerk determines there is a question about whether a case record may be disclosed, or if a written request is made under Section 4.5 for a ruling by the court after the clerk denies or grants an access request, the clerk must refer the request to the court for determination. The court must use the

321	standards listed in Section 4.5 to determine whether to grant or deny the
322	access requested.
323	c. Response to Request to Access Administrative Records. If the request for
324	access and inspection of administrative records is granted, the State Court
325	Administrator may set reasonable time and manner of inspection
326	requirements that ensure timely access while protecting the integrity of the
327	records and preserving the affected office from undue disruption. If there is
328	a question about whether an administrative record may be disclosed, the
329	matter must be referred to the State Court Administrator for determination.
330	The State Court Administrator must use the standards listed in Section 4.5
331	to determine whether to grant or deny the access requested.
332	3. Methods of access. The record custodian is not required to provide a written
333	copy of a record that is available to the requestor on the court's website or on
334	the internet. The record custodian shall notify the requestor that the record is
335	available online and direct the requestor to the website where their record can
336	be accessed. If the requestor does not have reasonable access to the internet due
337	to lack of computer, lack of internet availability or inability to use a computer
338	or the internet, the record custodian shall produce paper copies for the
339	requestor but may charge applicable fees as set by the Court.
340	
341	Section 10.0 – Obligations of Vendors Providing Information Technology Support to

a Court to Maintain Court Records.

_	4	_
.3	4	3

a.	If the court contracts with a vendor to provide information technology support to
	gather, store, or make accessible court records, the contract will require the vendor
	to comply with the intent and provisions of this rule. For purposes of this section,
	"vendor" includes a state, county or local governmental agency that provides
	information technology services to a court.
<u>b.</u>	By contract the vendor will be required to notify the court of any requests for
	compiled information or bulk distribution of information, including the vendor's
	requests for such information for its own use.

1	<b>CASE RECORDS RETENTION SCHEDULE - COURTS</b>
2	(Applies to electronic and paper case records)
3	
4	Note: The six-digit number accompanying a record, e.g. "500401" below represents
5	the record control number for each record series. The single character case
6	designation, e.g. (C) Civil Case Files, refers to the unified case information system
7	case type. The multiple character case designation, e.g (CV) Civil Case Files, refers
8	to the Odyssey® electronic file case type.
9	
10	Administrative Appeal (AA)
11	This series contains pleadings to appeal from an administrative agency order.
12	Retain for 3 years from disposition date.
13	
14	Administrative (Noncriminal) Traffic Case Files (T) and (TR) - 500401
15	This series contains the citation, correspondence, and may include a receipt.
16	Retain for 3 years after the current fiscal year (ACFY), ending June 30., then dispose by
17	<del>landfill</del> .
18	
19	All Case Summaries
20	This series contains the summary of case events (index of pleadings), case assignment,
21	party information, events, financial information, and the case event metadata for all cases

in the electronic file system. (The case summary has also been referred to as the register 22 23 of actions.) 24 Retain permanently. 25 26 Civil Case Files (C) and (CV) 27 \* Offer all cases prior to 1925, whether appealed or not, to the State Archives. 28 Annulment (AN), Divorce (10) – 500412, Legal Separation (LS) - An action to annul 29 30 or dissolve a marriage or to legally separate. Retain for 50 years from date of disposition or. Transfer to State Archives. Note: Iif a 31 child support judgment is included, judgment must be retained for 5 years from the date 32 of satisfaction, whichever is later. Transfer to State Archives. 33 34 Custody and Parenting Responsibility (14) -500441, Uniform Child Custody 35 Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act (UCCJEA) - This series contains pleadings to bring 36 an action or motion to determine or change custody or parenting responsibility of for 37 minor children or if a parent wishes to register a custody or parenting responsibility order 38 resulting from a proceeding in another state in which child custody or parenting 39 responsibility was determined, or to enforce custody, parenting responsibility, or child 40 41 support orders of other jurisdictions.

- 42 Retain for 50 years from disposition date or if a child support judgment is included,
- 43 judgment must be retained for 5 years from the date of satisfaction, whichever is later.
- 44 Transfer to State Archives. Dispose by landfill.

- 46 Child Support (16) 190102 This series contains pleadings to bring an action for the
- 47 establishment of a child support order or pleadings contained in-state child support
- 48 transcription.
- 49 Retain for 5 years from the date of satisfaction. Dispose by landfill.
- 50 Dismissed Retain for 1 year from date of dismissal.

51

- 52 Child or Spousal Support (18) 190102 This series contains pleadings filed under
- 53 UIFSA for registration or enforcement of child support or spousal support.
- Retain for 5 years from the date of satisfaction. Dispose by landfill.

- 56 Contract Collection (32) This series contains pleadings on a specific contract or an
- action for collection on a debt or account due and owing.
- Retain as indicated below from date of disposition. Offer to State Archives if case is
- 59 appealed. <del>Dispose by landfill.</del>
- 500406 Money judgment entered and not renewed 11 years from date of judgment
- 61 **500407** Money judgment entered and renewed 21 years from date of original
- 62 judgment
- 63 **500405** No money judgment & case dismissals 1 year from date of dismissal

64 Child support judgment - No disposal unless satisfied 5 years after the date of satisfaction 65 of judgment, even if the docket money judgment is not renewed 66 Criminal Money Judgment (CMJ) – This series contains pleadings on an action for 67 collection of a criminal debt or account due and owing. 68 69 Money judgment - entered and not renewed - 11 years from date of judgment Money judgment - entered and renewed - 21 years from date of original judgment 70 71 72 Condemnation and Eminent Domain (36) - An action to take private property for public use. 73 500422 - If uncontested, retain for one year from date of disposition. Dispose by landfill. 74 **500423** - If contested, retain for 20 years from date of disposition. Transfer to State 75 Archives. 76 77 Disorderly Conduct Restraining Order (26) or Sexual Assault Restraining Order -78 An action brought for the protection against any action that may affect the safety, 79 security, or privacy of another person. (Does not include allegations of domestic 80 81 violence). 500442 - Retain for 5 years from date of expiration of order. Dispose by landfill. 82 **500443** - Dismissed - Retain for one year from the dismissal order. <del>Dispose by landfill.</del> 83 84

Divorce (10) - 500412 - An action brought to dissolve a marriage.

Retain for 50 years from date of disposition. Transfer to State Archives. Note: If a child 86 87 support judgment is included, judgment must be maintained until satisfied. 88 89 Eviction/Forcible Detainer (38) - 500444 - An action to recover the possession of real estate when it is being held wrongfully as specified by law. If money judgment is entered, 90 91 dispose of in same manner as Contract Collection (32). Retain for 1 year from date of disposition. Dispose by landfill. 92 93 94 Firearm Restoration Proceedings – A proceeding on a petition for restoration of firearms rights. (This series does not include petitions for firearm rights restoration that 95 are filed in the underlying criminal or mental health case that issued the firearm 96 restriction.) 97 98 Retain for 75 years from the date of disposition if petition is granted. Retain for 3 years from the date of disposition if the petition is denied. 99 100 101 Foreclosure (4) - 500445 - An action to foreclose or enforce a lien, trust deed, pledge, or mortgage as provided by law. 102 Retain for 10 years from date of judgment. Dispose by landfill. 103 104 105 Foreign Judgment (48) - Filing a judgment, decree, or order of any other court that contains a money judgment. 106 Retain as indicated below. Offer to State Archives if case is appealed. 107

 - Money judgment entered and not renewed - 11 years from date of judgment. - Money judgment entered and renewed - 21 years from date of original judgment. Malpractice (06) - An action for damages based on professional misconduct or unreasonable lack of skill. Retain as indicated below. Offer to State Archives if case is appealed. - No judgment/ Dismissal - 5 years from date of dismissal. **500446** - Judgment without lien - 5 years from date of judgment. - Money judgment entered and not renewed - 11 years from date of judgment. - Money judgment entered and renewed - 21 years from date of original judgment. Name Change (42) - 500402 - A proceeding under N.D.C.C. ch. 32-28 to change the name of a person. This does not include name changes during adoption or divorce. Retain for 100 years from disposition date. Transfer to State Archives. Other (49) - 500403 - Any civil action or proceeding that does not fit in any of the other specific categories. Retain for 20 years from disposition. Transfer to State Archives. 

**Personal Injury (04)** - An action for damages based on physical or emotional injury to a person. Retain as indicated below. Offer to State Archives if case is appealed. - No judgment/dismissal - 5 years from date of dismissal. - Judgment without lien - 5 years from date of judgment. - Money judgment entered and not renewed - 11 years from date of judgment. - Money judgment entered and renewed - 21 years from date of original judgment. **Post Conviction Relief (PCR)** – This series contains pleadings to seek post-conviction relief. Retain for 10 years from final order. **Post Paternity (PP)** – An action to obtain access to a court order establishing paternity. Retain according to retention period for underlying case type. **Property Damage (02)** - An action for damages based on damage to property. Retain as indicated below. Offer to State Archives if case is appealed. - No judgment/dismissal - 5 years from date of dismissal. **500446** - Judgment without lien - 5 years from date of judgment. - Money judgment entered and not renewed - 11 years from date of judgment.

150	500407 - Money judgment entered and renewed - 21 years from date of original
151	judgment.
152	
153	Public Judgment (PJ) – An action to obtain access to a final order of the court.
154	Retain according to retention period for underlying case type.
155	
156	Quiet Title and Eminent Domain (34) - 500427 - An action to determine adverse claims
157	and quiet title to real property.
158	Retain for 20-50 years from disposition. Dispose by landfill. Transfer to State Archives.
159	
160	Special Proceedings (44) - 500447 - A procedure provided for by law which is not
161	included in any other category, e.g., writs of mandamus, certiorari, and prohibition.
162	Retain for 5 years from disposition. <del>Dispose by landfill.</del>
163	
164	Sexually Dangerous Individual (SDI) – This series contains pleadings for the civil
165	commitment of a sexually dangerous individual. Orders that have conditions that have not
166	expired within 20 years shall be retained until those conditions have expired.
167	Retain for 20 years from disposition.
168	
169	Termination of Parental Rights (24) = 500448, Relinquishment of Parental Rights
170	(RE) - This series contains pleadings filed in district court for termination or
171	relinquishment of parental rights.

172	Retain permanently.
173	
174	Trust Proceedings (46) - 500434 - This series includes both the registration of the trust
175	and the supervision of the trust.
176	Retain for 50 years from disposition. <del>Dispose by landfill.</del>
177	
178	Register of Civil Actions - 720204 - This series contains hard copy of the index of
179	pleadings filed in the case. This does not include the actual index of plaintiff's and
180	defendant's names.
181	Retain automated record or hard copy for same period as file. Dispose by landfill. If the
182	register is part of the manual index, retain for same period as manual index.
183	
184	Civil Court Reporter Notes - General 801201
185	This series contains court reporter notes, tape recordings, audio visual recordings
186	(possibly cassette tapes).
187	Retain for 7 years from date of judgment. Dispose by landfill, except for notes or tapes of
188	child support hearings.
189	
190	Civil Court Reporter Notes - Support Hearings 801202
191	This series contains court reporter notes, tape recordings, audio visual recordings
192	(possibly cassette tapes).
193	Retain for 60 days after the order has been confirmed. Dispose by landfill.

1	9	4

## **Correspondence - All Case Types 450101**

- This series contains general correspondence from persons or entities. This information is generally one-time in nature such as requests for information and case file cover letters and is of value for only a short time period.
- 199 Retain until after the requested action is taken. Dispose by landfill.

200

201

## Criminal Case Files - Non-traffic (K) and (CR)

\* Offer all cases prior to 1925, whether appealed or not, to State Archives.

203

- 204 Extradition (EX) This series contains pleading to extradite a defendant to another
- 205 jurisdiction.
- 206 Retain for 3 years from extradition order.

207

- 208 Infraction 500435 This series contains pleadings charging an infraction. Offer to State
- 209 Archives if case is appealed.
- 210 Retain for 3 years from date of disposition or the date a financial obligation is satisfied or
- determined uncollectible, whichever is later. Dispose by landfill.

- 213 Misdemeanor = 500409, Municipal Appeal (MA) This series contains pleadings
- 214 charging a misdemeanor or the appeal of a municipal misdemeanor conviction.

215 Retain for 10 years from date of final disposition or date a financial obligation is satisfied 216 or determined uncollectible, whichever is later. Offer to the State Archives if appealed. 217 Include medical or drug treatment documents. All other files may be disposed by landfill. 218 Dispose of PSI evaluations by shredding. 219 220 Felonies - 500410 - This series contains pleadings charging a felony. Retain for 30 years from the date of final disposition or date a financial obligation is 221 satisfied or determined uncollectible, whichever is later. Offer to State Archives if case 222 223 appealed. Include medical or drug treatment documents. Dispose of PSI evaluations by shredding. All other files may be disposed by landfill. Sentencing that has conditions that 224 have not expired within 30 years shall be retained until those conditions have expired. 225 226 **Misdemeanor** – **DUI offenses** – This series contains pleadings charging a misdemeanor 227 for driving or actual physical control of a vehicle by persons under the influence of 228 229 intoxicating liquor or other drugs or substances. Retain for 15 years from the date of final disposition or date a financial obligation is 230 satisfied or determined uncollectible, whichever is later. Offer to the State Archives if 231 232 appealed. Include medical or drug evaluation and treatment documents. Dispose of PSI evaluations by shredding. 233 234 Misdemeanor - Protection Order Violation - 500450 - This series contains pleadings 235 charging a misdemeanor violation of a domestic violence protection order. 236

237	Retain for 100 years from date of final disposition or date a financial obligation is
238	satisfied or determined uncollectible, whichever is later. Offer to the State Archives if
239	appealed. Include medical or drug treatment documents. All other files may be disposed
240	by landfill. Dispose of PSI evaluations by shredding.
241	
242	Felonies - Protection Order Violation - 500449 - This series contains pleadings
243	charging a felony violation of a domestic violence protection order.
244	Retain for 100 years from the date of final disposition or date a financial obligation is
245	satisfied or determined uncollectible, whichever is later. Offer to State Archives if case
246	appealed. Include medical or drug treatment documents. Dispose of PSI evaluations by
247	shredding. All other files may be disposed by landfill.
248	
249	Adult Sex Offense Files - 500436 - This series contains case files and court documents in
250	which the defendant is alleged to have committed an offense identified under N.D.C.C. §
251	25-03.3-04.
252	Retain for 50 years from date of final disposition or action. Dispose by shredding if
253	juvenile involved. Sentencing that has conditions that have not expired within 50 years
254	shall be retained until those conditions have expired.
255	
256	Search Warrants (when no criminal case file exists) - 800318 - This series contains the
257	affidavit, search warrant, receipt, and inventory.
258	Retain for 3 years from receipt. <del>Dispose by landfill.</del>

262

263

264

265

Criminal Court Reporter Notes/Court Recorder Tapes - 801204 - This series contains
 court reporter notes and audio recordings.

Retention period for notes and electronic recordings that contain mixed proceedings must

be retained for the longest retention of the file.

Retain infraction, misdemeanor, and felony reporter notes/court recorder tapes for same

period as file. Dispose by landfill.

266

267

268

269

270

**Register of Criminal Actions - 720206** -This series contains the <u>hard copy of the index</u> of pleadings filed in the case. This does not include the actual index of parties' names.

of predatings filed in the ease. This does not include the actual mach of parties harnes.

Retain automated record or hard copy for same period as file. Dispose by landfill. If the

register is part of the manual index, retain for same period as manual index.

271

272

273

274

275

276

277

278

279

## **Financial**

State Clerks - 011001

Odyssey Daily Deposit Analysis reports, deposit slips and supporting documentation,

which may include credit card settlement reports and printed receipts. (Transaction

registers and deposits reports will be retained electronically and need not be printed

unless requested for audit purposes):

Retain for 3 years after the current fiscal year ending June 30. Records with financial

account numbers must be shredded.

281 Unclaimed property reports and proof of contact regarding uncashed checks -012401: 282 In accordance with N.D.C.C. § 47-30.1-17, retain for 10 years after the property becomes 283 reportable. 284 285 Monthly reports and bank reconciliations are retained by the Fiscal department of the 286 State Court Administrator's office and need not be retained in the Clerk's office. 287 UCIS daily balancing reports, deposit slips, and supporting documentation, which may include distribution, bond activity, outstanding bonds, cash receipts, and restitution 288 289 reports: Retain for 3 years after the current fiscal year. Dispose by landfill. Records with financial 290 account numbers must be shredded. 291 292 Proof of contact regarding uncashed checks (Unclaimed Property) - 012401: Retain for 3 years after current fiscal year. Dispose by landfill. Records with financial 293 account numbers must be shredded. 294 295 **County Clerks - 011001** 296 Odyssey Daily Deposit Analysis reports, deposit slips and supporting documentation 297 which may include credit card settlement reports and printed receipts. (Transaction 298 registers and deposits reports will be retained electronically and need not be printed 299 unless requested for audit purposes): 300 Retain for 3 years after the current fiscal year ending June 30. Records with financial 301 account numbers must be shredded. 302

303 Unclaimed property reports and proof of contact regarding uncashed checks -012401: 304 In accordance with N.D.C.C. § 47-30.1-17, retain for 10 years after the property becomes 305 reportable. 306 307 Monthly reports and bank reconciliations and supporting documentation, which may 308 include bank notices, requests for check replacement and voided checks: Retain for 3 years after the current fiscal year ending June 30. Records with financial 309 310 account numbers must be shredded. 311 UCIS or manual daily/weekly balancing reports: Retain for 3 years after the current fiscal year. Dispose by landfill. 312 Monthly bank statements and reconciliations, manual receipts, deposit slips, proof of 313 314 contact regarding uncashed checks (Unclaimed Property), deposit summary and transmittal for (given to Treasurer/Auditor), trial balance worksheets (used by 315 Treasurer/Auditor for completing State Tax Collection Report), manual bookkeeping 316 system (McBee, journals, ledgers): 317 Retain until audit is complete. Dispose by landfill. 318 319 **Grand Jury Proceedings - 500414** 320 This series contains transcripts of testimony during grand jury proceedings/prosecution's 321 evidence, jury decision, and indictment. 322 Retain for 1 year from date of filing. Dispose by shredding. 323 324

325	<u>Index Books</u> - 720202
326	This series contains a listing of all plaintiffs and defendants in civil, criminal, probate,
327	confidential, and small claims actions.
328	Retain permanently. This record has archival value.
329	
330	Judgment Docket - 800309
331	This series contains court record of money judgments including name of debtor, creditor
332	date of judgment, sum recovered or directed to be paid in figures, time when the
333	judgment roll of transcript was filed and docketed in the clerk's office, and the name of
334	the court in which the judgment was rendered.
335	Retain for 21 years from last judgment entry. Dispose by landfill.
336	
337	Juror Records - 800310
338	This series contains jury qualification form, questionnaires, master jury list and all
339	supporting lists, and payment records.
340	Retain for 3 years from the creation of master jury list. Dispose of by shredding.
341	
342	<u>Hospital Lien Records</u> - 500424
343	This series contains Hospital Liens.
344	Retain for 3 years from the date of filing. Dispose by landfill.
345	
346	Miscellaneous - 500425

347	This series contains Orders, Attachments, and Affidavits which are not part of a case file
348	or record found elsewhere on the retention schedule.
349	Retain for 5 years. <del>Dispose by landfill.</del>
350	
351	<u>Probate (P) and (PR)</u> - 500426
352	This series contains pleadings in all case types:
353	Conservatorship (50)
354	Conservatorship - Minor (52)
355	Guardianship - (54)
356	Guardianship - Minor (56)
357	Conservatorship/Guardianship (58)
358	Protective Proceedings (80)
359	Formal Probate of Will (81)
360	Informal Probate of Will (82)
361	Formal Probate <u>Administration</u> (83)
362	Informal Probate <u>Administration</u> (84)
363	Domiciliary Proceeding (85)
364	Heirship (86)
365	Retain automated record or hard copy permanently. This record has archival value.
366	
367	Register of Probate Actions - 720211

368 This series contains an hard copy of the index of pleadings filed in the case. This does not 369 include the actual index of plaintiff's and defendant's names. 370 Retain automated record or hard copy permanently. 371 372 Record Search - 800317 373 This series contains a copy of the certification of record search (whether criminal or 374 civil). Retain for 30 days from completion of the search. Dispose by landfill. 375 376 **Restricted Case Series (R)** 377 **Abortion Control Files (98) - 500417** 378 Retain for 1 year from the date of the final order. Dispose by shredding. (Abortion 379 380 Control Act). 381 Adoption (20) - 190101 This series contains petition and decree of adoption. 382 Retain automated record or hard copy permanently. This record has archival value. 383 384 **Domestic Violence (12)** - This series contains pleadings alleging domestic violence. 385 500437 - Retain for 5 years from expiration of court order, unless dismissed. Dispose by 386 shredding. Orders that have conditions that have not expired within 5 years shall be 387 retained until those conditions have expired. 388

390	<b>500438</b> - Retain dismissed case files for 1 year from the order of dismissal. Dispose by
391	shredding.
392	
393	Mental Health (87) - 500415 -This series includes chemical dependence or mental illness
394	records.
395	Retain for 5 years from the date of last order. Orders that have conditions that have not
396	expired within 5 years shall be retained until those conditions have expired. Dispose by
397	shredding.
398	
399	Paternity (22) - 500408 - This series contains pleadings filed in a case to adjudicate
400	paternity.
401	Retain permanently.
402	
403	Registers of Adoption, Juvenile, Mental Health Treatment, and Termination of
404	Parental Rights - 720207 - This series contains the <u>hard copy of the</u> index of pleadings
405	filed in the cases. This does not include the actual index of plaintiff's and defendant's
406	names.
407	Retain automated record or hard copy for life of the file. Dispose by shredding. If register
408	is part of the manual index, retain for same period as manual index.
409	
410	Juvenile Case Files (JUV)

411	This series contains all petitions, summons, findings of fact, orders, documents related to
412	service, court-related notices, motions, affidavits, evaluations, and reports so entered by
413	the court. Retain as listed below.
414	
415	Guardianship/Conservatorship of a Minor (GCM), Juvenile Guardianship (JGRD)
416	- This series includes pleadings to establish a guardianship and/or conservatorship of a
417	minor in Juvenile Court.
418	Retain permanently.
419	
420	<u>Juvenile Continued Foster Care Services – This series includes pleadings for a child in</u>
421	need of continued foster care services under N.D.C.C. § 27-20-30.1.
422	Retain for 1 year after the expiration of the order or until age 21, whichever is later.
423	
424	Juvenile Delinquency (94) - 500419
425	Retain for 10 years after expiration of final order, or age 18, whichever is later. Dispose
426	by shredding.
427	
428	Juvenile Extradition (JEX) – This series contains pleadings to extradite a juvenile to
429	another jurisdiction.
430	Retain for 3 years from extradition order.
431	
432	Juvenile Unruly (95) - 500420

433	Retain for 1 year after child turns 18 or final expiration of order, whichever is later.
434	Dispose by shredding.
435	
436	Juvenile Deprivation (96) (Without Parental Rights Termination) - 500416
437	Retain for 10 years after child turns 18 or final expiration of order, whichever is later.
438	Dispose by shredding.
439	
440	Juvenile Sex Offense Files - 500439 - This series contains case files or court records that
441	describe acts that may constitute an offense under N.D.C.C. §§ 12.1-20-03, 12.1-20-04, or
442	12.1-20-07.
443	Retain for 50 years from the date of disposition or action. Dispose by shredding.
444	
445	Juvenile Termination of Parental Rights (97) - 500418
446	Retain permanently.
447	
448	Juvenile Shelter Care (96) - 500421
449	Retain non-petition shelter care cases for 1 year from expiration of the order. Dispose by
450	shredding.
451	
452	Juvenile Special Proceedings (98) - 500440

453 Retain for 1 year after the final expiration of the order or until age 21, whichever is later. 454 Retain petitioned cases that are dismissed for 1 year from expiration of the order. Dispose 455 by shredding. 456 457 Juvenile Officer's Working File - 801206 - This series contains all informal and formal 458 documents, case notes, and reports. Retain until child reaches age 18 or meets all conditions, whichever is later, except for 459 documents governed by N.D.C.C. § 25-03.3-04. Dispose by shredding. 460 461 Juvenile Drug Court - Coordinator's and Juvenile Officer's Working File - 801207 -462 This series contains all informal documents, case notes, and reports concerning a 463 juvenile's participation in juvenile drug court. 464 Retain for 2 years from graduation or termination from juvenile drug court program or 465 attainment of age 18, whichever is later, except for documents governed by N.D.C.C. 466 §25-03.3-04. Dispose by shredding. 467 468 469 Small Claims (S) (88) 470 This series contains pleadings to bring an action for small claims. 471 Retain as specified below. Dispose by landfill. 500429 - Judgment entered - not renewed - 11 years from date of judgment. 472 **500430** - Judgment entered - and renewed - 21 years from date of original judgment. 473 **500431** - No money judgment/dismissed cases - 1 year from date of dismissal. 474

Retain permanently.

492

475	
476	Register of Small Claims Actions - 720212 - This series contains the hard copy of the
477	index of pleadings filed in the case. This does not include the actual index of plaintiff's
478	and defendant's names.
479	Retain automated record or hard copy for same period as file. Dispose by landfill. If
480	register is part of the manual index, retain for same period as file.
481	
482	Transcript of Judgment from Another County (M)
483	This series contains a transcript of judgment from another county within the state.
484	Retain as specified below. <del>Dispose by landfill.</del>
485	500432 - Judgment Entered - 11 <del>Y</del> years from date of judgment.
486	500433 - Judgment Renewed - 21 <del>Y</del> years from date of original judgment.
487	
488	<u>Wills</u> - 800304
489	This series contains wills in the custody of the clerk of court which are not part of a
490	probate. N.D.C.C. §§ 30.1-11-01 (possible delivery of will to clerk by recorder) and 30.1-
491	11-02 (possible delivery of will to clerk by others).